



STRUCTURE –ACTIVITY RELATIONSHIP OF PANC-1 SPECIFIC SMALLPEPTIDE BASED DRUG DELIVERY SYSTEMS



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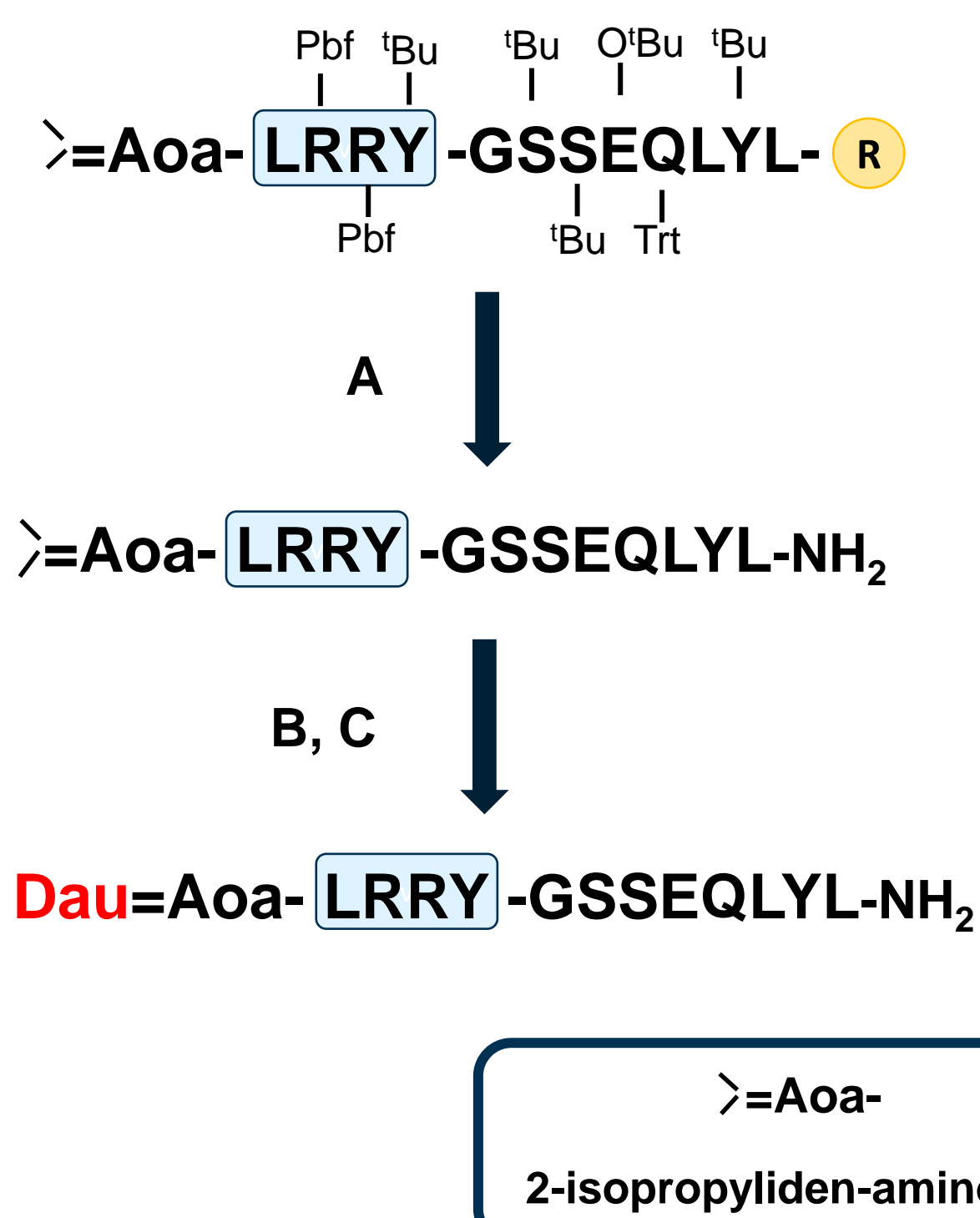
Introduction

Pancreatic ductal adenocarcinoma (PDAC) carries an extremely poor prognosis, generally shows high metastatic activity and exhibits profound resistance to existing therapies. Thus, development and identification of selective and targeted biomarkers as new therapeutic agents for PDAC is of importance. [1] Therefore, our aim was to design a peptide-based conjugate, specific for PDAC. For this reason, as a targeting molecule, we have chosen a peptide discovered by phage display. The targeting peptide sequence (GSSEQLYL) previously showed high selectivity for PANC-1 cell line, *in vivo* [2].

In our study we aimed to optimize the structure of the homing peptide and thereby enhance the anti-tumor activity of the formed conjugate. Through our work, we have modified the conjugate, by changing the position of the spacer, or by using Ala-scan to identify a position in which amino acid substitution can be performed for better biological activity.

Synthesis

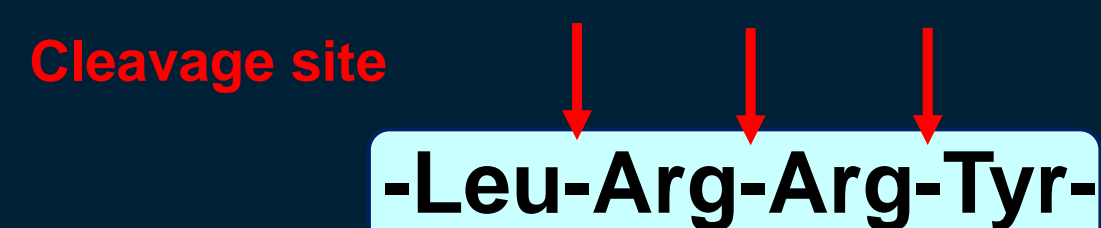
Conjugates were synthesised manually on solid phase, using Fmoc/ ^tBu technique following in solution drug conjugation



- Cleavage from the resin: 2.5% TIS/ 2.5% H₂O/ 95% TFA
- Deprotection of Aoa: 0.2 M NH₄OAc buffer/ 1M methoxylamine
- Daunomycin conjugation: 0.2 M NH₄OAc buffer (pH 5.0)

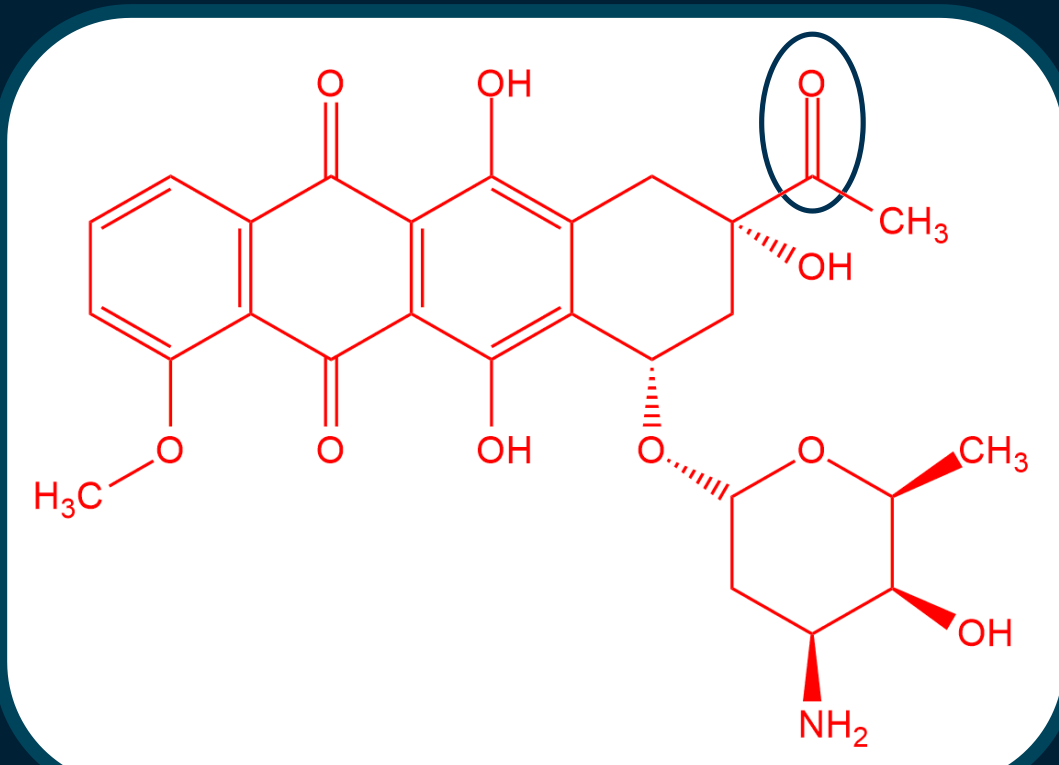
Spacer

We have incorporated a Chatepsyn B enzyme labile spacers into our conjugates to ensure selective drug release in .



Conjugated drug

Daunomycin (Dau) is a potent anti-cancer drug, that belongs to the anthracyclin family and has high fluorescence activity. It can be effectively conjugated through oxime ligation in the C13 position.



Biological studies

- Viability of human pancreas PANC1 cell line was tested using impedimetry (xCELLigence SP System)
- For control, three different cell lines were used: Colo205- colon adenocarcinoma; A2058- human melanoma; EBC-1- human lung squamous cell carcinoma

Compound	Viability, 10μM, 72 h				
	PANC1	Colo-205	A2058	EBC-1	
I.	H-GSSEQLYLK-NH ₂ Dau=Aoa-LRRY	125.9± 1.8 %	72.2± 0.7 %	87.8± 1.6%	93.1± 4.9 %
	Dau=Aoa-LRRY-GSSEQLYL-NH ₂	8.6± 0.3 %	63.1± 0.5 %	64.5± 2.2 %	39.0± 2.2%
II.	Dau=Aoa-LRRY-GSSEQLYL-NH ₂	98.7± 0.5%	79.6± 0.9%	91.1± 1.6%	86.3± 1.0 %
	Dau=Aoa-LRRY-GSSEQLAL-NH ₂	102.8± 1.7%	83.4± 1.2%	85.1± 3.0%	89.3± 1.6%
	Dau=Aoa-LRRY-GSSEQAYL-NH ₂	14.9± 0.2%	69.2± 1.1%	65.2± 0.5%	36.8± 1.0%
	Dau=Aoa-LRRY-GSSEALYL-NH ₂	47.1± 0.9%	85.7± 2.1%	84.3± 1.1%	71.9± 0.7%
	Dau=Aoa-LRRY-GSSAQLYL-NH ₂	93.0± 1.3%	86.4± 0.8 %	85.3± 2.3%	88.1± 2.2%
	Dau=Aoa-LRRY-GSAEQLYL-NH ₂	35.9± 0.2%	84.4± 1.1%	54.7± 0.7%	57.5± 1.0%
	Dau=Aoa-LRRY-GASEQLYL-NH ₂	92.9± 2.3%	93.5± 2.6%	99.7± 1.4%	90.0± 3.2%
	Dau=Aoa-LRRY-ASSEQLYL-NH ₂	53.7 ± 3.0%	101.9± 1.0%	102.7± 4.7 %	90.8± 5.0%
III.	Dau=Aoa-LRRY-GSSEQNYL-NH ₂	101.1± 3.1%	55.5± 0.3%	65.7± 3.2 %	76.2± 3.0%
	Dau=Aoa-LRRY-GSSEQPYL-NH ₂	97.0± 2.7%	67.5± 0.6%	71.7± 4.0%	76.0± 2.1%
	Dau=Aoa-LRRY-GSSEQSYL-NH ₂	96.1± 3.1%	68.6± 5.7%	83.1± 3.2%	89.7± 1.3%
	Dau=Aoa-LRRY-GSSEQWYL-NH ₂	86.0± 1.7%	36.9± 1.0%	52.8± 1.8%	45.2± 1.1%
	Dau=Aoa-LRRY-GSSEQIYL-NH ₂	15.0± 0.5%	68.7± %	83.6± 0.5%	78.1± 0.4%
	Dau=Aoa-LRRY-GSSEQNIYL-NH ₂	70.8± 1.1%	47.1± 3.2%	63.1± 5.1%	57.0± 4.3%
	Dau=Aoa-LRRY-GSSEQFYL-NH ₂	57.3± 4.1%	56.4± 1.0%	35.4± 0.9%	51.6± 2.1%
	Dau=Aoa-LRRY-GSSEQF(4Cl)YL-NH ₂	9.7± 0.3%	25.8± 0.9%	12.5 ± 0.7%	43.7± 0.7%

Conclusions

- The results indicated that Leu⁶ can be replaced by Ala, thus further replacements were done in this position.
- Substitution of Leu⁶ with Ile or Nle resulted in worse biological activity compared to the original sequence.
- 4-chloro-phenylalanine in position 6 showed similar activity as the original sequence on PANC1 cell line. However, this conjugate also showed significant activity on A2058 cells.

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